

# Understanding Permutation Cipher and How to Implement with Python

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A permutation cipher is a type of encryption that rearranges the letters of a plaintext message according to a predetermined pattern. This pattern is called the “key”. Unlike substitution ciphers, which replace characters with other characters, permutation ciphers maintain the original characters but change their order.

## How permutation cipher works?

To encrypt a message using permutation cipher, you first need the key. The key can be a pattern of letters or numbers. The message then divided into several blocks. For each block, we rearrange the position for each character based on the key.

Here is an example:

1. We want to encrypt the message `THE HACKING BLOG ROCKS` and the key is `31254`.
2. The length of the key is 5, so divide the message into blocks of 5 characters: `THE H, ACKIN, G BLO, G ROC, KS` . Note that the last block has only 2 character, so we pad it with 3 spaces to make the block contains 5 characters.
3. For each block, we need to rearrange the position of the characters. The key is `31254`, so we put the 3<sup>rd</sup> char into the 1<sup>st</sup> position, the 1<sup>st</sup> char to the 2<sup>nd</sup> position, the 2<sup>nd</sup> char to the 3<sup>rd</sup> position, the 5<sup>th</sup> char to the 4<sup>th</sup> position, and the 4<sup>th</sup> char to the 5<sup>th</sup> position.
4. The encrypted message is `ETHH KACNIBG OLRG CO KS` .

To decrypt the message, we use the same algorithm but reversing the character placement:

1. We want to decrypt the message `ETHH KACNIBG OLRG CO KS` and the key is `31254`.

2. We divide the message into blocks of 5 characters: `ETHH` , `KACNI`, `BG OL`, `RG CO`, `KS` .
3. For each block, rearrange the position of the characters. The key is 31254, so we put the 1<sup>st</sup> char into the 3<sup>rd</sup> position, the 2<sup>nd</sup> char to the 1<sup>st</sup> position, the 3<sup>rd</sup> char into the 2<sup>nd</sup> position, the 4<sup>th</sup> char into the 5<sup>th</sup> position, and the 5<sup>th</sup> char into the 4<sup>th</sup> position.
4. he decrypted message is `THE HACKING BLOG ROCKS` .

## How do I implement it in Python?

The algorithm for encryption and decryption is similar, with the difference only in the character placement.

Below is a function to encrypt and decrypt text with permutation cipher.

```
def permutation_cipher(msg: str, key: int, decrypt: bool=False) -> str:
    key = str(key)
    key_len = len(key)
    result = ''

    # Pad the message with spaces if needed
    msg += ' ' * ((key_len - (len(msg) % key_len)) % key_len)

    # Calculate the number of blocks
    num_blocks = int(len(msg) / key_len)

    # Process each block
    for num_block in range(num_blocks):
        # Get the current block
        start_idx = num_block * key_len
        block = [x for x in msg[start_idx:(start_idx + key_len)]]

        # Rearrange the characters from this block into a new block
        new_block = [' '] * key_len
        for idx1, idx2 in enumerate(key):
            idx2 = int(idx2) - 1
            if decrypt:
                new_block[idx2] = block[idx1]
            else:
                new_block[idx1] = block[idx2]

        # Join the new block into the result message
        result += ''.join(new_block)

    return result
```

```
# Usage example
key = 31254
message = 'THE HACKING BLOG ROCKS'

encrypted = permutation_cipher(message, key)
print(encrypted)    # Should print "ETHH KACNIBG OLRG CO KS  "

decrypted = permutation_cipher(encrypted, key, decrypt=True)
print(decrypted)    # Should print "THE HACKING BLOG ROCKS  "
```

The function `permutation_cipher` takes 3 arguments: `msg` is the message to be encrypted or decrypted, `key` is the encryption key, and `decrypt` to specify whether the operation is encryption or decryption.

First, the input message is padded with spaces to make the blocks contain equal number of characters. Then for each block, a new block is created and filled with the input characters based on the given key. The new blocks then joined together and returned as output.

## Key Takeaways

In this blog post, we have learned how the permutation cipher works and how to implement it in Python. Permutation ciphers are a simple and effective way to encrypt short messages.

Keep in mind that they should not be used for encrypting sensitive information. If you are looking for a more secure way to encrypt your messages, you should look into the more modern and secure algorithms such as RSA and AES.